

#### Day 2 Summary of Day One and Introduction to Day Two



Florian Appel VISTA





### **Summary Day 1**

- Introduction
- The European ESA and EUMETSAT long term evolution of snow services
- Science outlook What can be expected in future for snow monitoring?
- Status and perspectives of existing European snow monitoring initiatives
- Discussion & White Paper Draft



# The European ESA and EUMETSAT long term evolution of snow services

- EUMETSAT SAFs (Lothar Schueller)
  - EUMETSAT SAF Network (8 distributed)
  - Providing Data and Software (not snow related)
  - "Operational" = continuity of products and quality (validation)
  - User interaction and involvement by EUMETCAST, data centers, workshops, helpdesk and: data is free of charge
  - Network history CDOP-1 / -2 / -3
  - Stable resources until 2022
  - Research to operation process, serving requirements of member states, development of new products
  - Proposals for CDOP-3 in 2015





# The European ESA and EUMETSAT long term evolution of snow services

- ESA and Snow (Simon Pinnock)
  - ESA Satellites e.g. Sentinel 1 (Oct. 2013), Sent-2 and 3, PROBA V
  - CoreH20 as Earth Explorer candidate (1 of 3)
  - Application Development for Snow:
    DUE (Glob.. Series) / GMES (Polar View..) / CCI
  - Support for Science Element and scientific exploration of operational missions (SEOM)





## The European ESA and EUMETSAT long term evolution of snow services

- GCW Global Cryosphere Watch (Barry Goodison, WMO)
  - authoritative, clear and useable data, information and analyses (past and future state of cryosphere)
  - Teams involved
  - CryoNet & Standardization
  - Snow Depth Data & GCW hemispheric snow monitoring
  - Bringing users and providers together GCW Web portal
  - Validation and the ongoing challenge
  - Improvements in scales (up scaling and down scaling)
  - GEO / GEOSS (Yubao Qiu, GEO)
  - Goals and Gaps within coordination of satellite observations
  - GEO as a platform
  - Snow as part of the domain Water





## Science outlook – What can be expected in future for snow monitoring?

Current Satellite data-aided research on snow cover (Jouni Pulliainen)

Summary of ESRIN "Earth Observation and Cryosphere Science Conference" (Nov 2012)

Technical scopes of ongoing science CoreH20 X/Ku Band & Passive Microwave for SWE Cal/Val & SWE and FSC (for Forest) Snow grain size & SAR interferometrie Black carbon on snow (albedo)

Results from studies Trends of snow extent (NH) in comparison to sea ice extent in comparison to climate models





# Status and perspectives of existing European snow monitoring initiatives

Presentations:

- ESA GlobSnow (Kari Luojus, FMI)
- EUMETSAT H-SAF (Jouni Pulliainen, FMI)
- ESA Polar View (Florian Appel, VISTA)
- EC/GMES CryoLand (Thomas Nagler, ENVEO)

Fact Sheets available



#### **Discussion & White Paper Draft**

- First Discussion & White Paper Seed Questions
  - Validation
  - Intercomparisons
    - e.g. super-sites / test-areas / catchments
    - Better description of products
  - Need of regional products
  - Solutions for sustainability to be found
  - Core Questions to Users





#### **European Snow Initiatives Synthesis Table**

Available products for EUROPE	<b>H-SAF</b> - 2022	<b>GlobSnow</b> - 2014	Polar View - 2013	CryoLand - 2015
Data Archive		From 1979 / 1995	From 2002 / 2005 / 2007	From 2000 / 2012
<i>Snow Covered Area (binary)</i> <i>Fractional Snow</i> <i>Cover</i>	H10, SN-OBS-1 5km H31, SN-OBS-OG LSAF 5km H32, SN-OBS-0P* H34, SN-OBS-1G* H12, SN-OBS-3 1km H35, SN-OBS-1P*	<b>FSC "ECV"</b> Northern Hemisphere 1km (daily / weekly / monthly)	SCA 1km Central Europe FSC 1 km / 250 m Scandinavia 5 km / 1 km Baltic Area FSC "10day" 5 km	FSC 250 m Scandinavia 1 km Baltic Area FSC** 500m
Snow Status (wet/melting)	<b>H11, SN-OBS-2</b> 5km		Wet Snow 1km Central Europe	Wet Snow 100m Alps + Norway
Snow Water Equivalent Different approaches	<b>H13, SN-OBS-4,</b> 25km	SWE "ECV" Northern Hemisphere 25 km	SWE 1 km Central Europe	<b>SWE</b> 10 km

\*Future / under development \*\*pre-operational + additional downstream products and experimental products





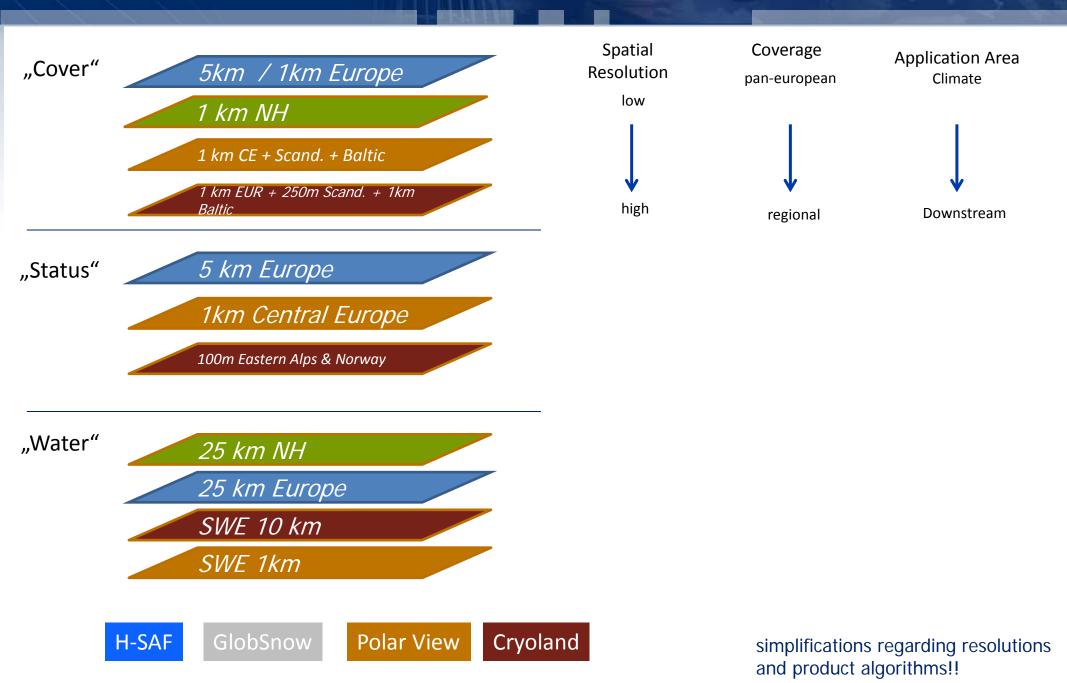
Status and perspectives of existing European snow monitoring initiatives Summary Day 1



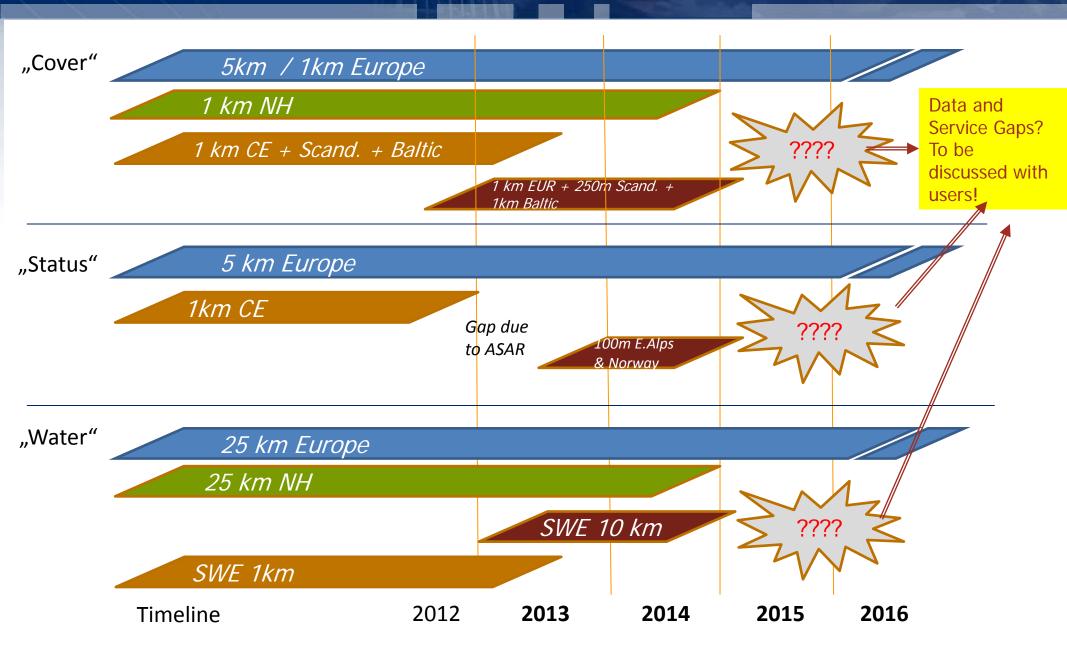
#### NH: Northern Hemisphere, CE = Central Europe

Info-Layer	Description	Values	Sensors	Temporal res.	Spatial res.
"Cover"	Detection of the Snow Cover	SCA 0/1 or FSC [%]	mainly optical sensors	daily or aggregated	5 km to 250m
"Status"	Status of Snow Cover, e.g. wet / melting / dry	Binary 0/1	passive or active microwave	daily or 2-3 a week	25 km to 100m
"Water"	Snow Water Equivalent	[mm]	passive MW, in-situ, models	Daily or aggregated	25 km to 1 km
UMETSAT					

Status and perspectives of existing European snow monitoring initiatives Summary Day 1



Status and perspectives of existing European snow monitoring initiatives Summary Day 1



#### Agenda Day 2

9:15 **User / provider dialogue** on experiences, expectations and perspectives for snow monitoring services (Chair: Florian Appel, VISTA)

- Roundtable discussion with short contributions by key users
- 10:30 Coffee Break
- 11:00 **Continued discussion** according seed questions from Users / Provider Dialogue Chair: Kari Luojus, FMI
- Achievements and obstacles
- Science and service operation gaps
- Collaboration and coordination gaps
- 12:00 **Identification of recommendations** on European Snow Monitoring Perspectives Chair: Barry Goodison, WMO
- Transition of services
- Service evolutions
- Short term and long term perspectives
- 13:00 Feedback discussion & Snow White Paper set on Chair: Lothar Schüller, EUMETSAT
  - Wrap up
- 14:00 Good Bye



